

# **Learning Objectives**

#### MedBridge

Peripheral Neuropathies Part 2: Management of Common Presentations Aimee E. Perron PT, DPT, NCS, CEEAA

#### **Course Objectives:**

Upon completion of this course, learners will be able to:

- Describe the etiology and pathophysiology of Diabetic polyneuropathies, Guillain-Barre Syndrome and Bell Palsy
- Identify which evidence-based test and measures are most applicable when assessing a patient with either Diabetic polyneuropathies, Guillain-Barre Syndrome or Bell Palsy
- Recognize the signs and symptoms of Diabetic polyneuropathies, Guillain-Barre Syndrome and Bell Palsy and how to screen for it
- Develop an understanding of how to prioritize patient impairments to determine and prescribe exercise and activities that enhance functional capabilities for patients with Diabetic polyneuropathies, Guillain-Barre Syndrome and Bell Palsy
- Apply evidence for management for Diabetic polyneuropathies, Guillain-Barre Syndrome and Bell Palsy through case based examples and learning assessments

### **Chapter 1: Diabetic Polyneuropathies**

This chapter will provide information regarding etiology and pathophysiology related to the Diabetic polyneuropathies. Medical management and the role of diagnostics related to Diabetic polyneuropathies will be discussed. Evidence-informed patient client management for physical therapy assessment and interventions for Diabetic polyneuropathies are reviewed through a case example.

## **Chapter 2: Guillain-Barre Syndrome**

This chapter will provide information regarding etiology and pathophysiology related to the different types of Guillain-Barre syndrome (GBS). Medical management and the role of diagnostics related to GBS will be discussed. Evidence-informed patient client management for physical therapy assessment and interventions for GBS are reviewed through a case example.

## **Chapter 3: Facial Nerve Involvement – Bell Palsy**

This chapter will provide information regarding etiology and pathophysiology related to Bell Palsy. Medical management and the role of diagnostics related to Bell Palsy will be discussed. Evidence-informed patient client management for physical therapy assessment and interventions for Bell Palsy are reviewed through a case example.